Taxation of Interest Income and Capital Gains in 2017

	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
CAPITAL GAINS DERIVED FROM SHARES Share certificates acquired AFTER 01.01.2006	1) The gains derived from sale of share certificates of companies other than marketable securities investment trusts traded in ISE; - are subject to 0% withholding are subject to corporate tax. 2) The gains derived from sale of the share certificates of marketable security investment trusts traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange; a) Gains derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds; - are subject to 0% withholding are subject to corporate tax. b) Gains derived by companies (3) other than those mentioned above; - are subject to 10% withholding. (Those which are held for more than 1 year are not subject to withholding.) - Companies which have to submit corporate income tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return. 3) Capital gains derived from shares without the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - are not subject to withholding are subject to corporate tax 75% of the income is exempt from corporate tax in case the conditions in paragraph 5/1-e of the Corporate Tax Code are met.	1) The gains derived from sale of share certificates of companies other than marketable securities investment trusts traded in ISE; - are subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 2) The gains derived from sale of the share certificates of marketable security investment trusts traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange; - are subject to 10% withholding. (Those which are held for more than 1 year are not subject to withholding.) - Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 3) Capital gains not derived through the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions (for example unquoted share certificates), will be declared pursuant to the general provisions of the Income Tax Code. The gains derived from share certificates of resident corporations held for more than 2 years are exempt.	1) The gains derived from sale of share certificates of companies other than marketable securities investment trusts traded in ISE; - are subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 2) The gains derived from sale of the share certificates of marketable security investment trusts traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange; a) Gains derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance (4) to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code; - are subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. b) Gains derived by companies other than those mentioned above; - are subject to 10% withholding. (Those which are held for more than 1 year are not subject to withholding.) - Not declared. 3) Capital gains derived from shares without the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - are not subject to withholding are subject to corporate tax The amount remaining after the corporate tax is subject to 15% income tax withholding.	1) The gains derived from sale of share certificates of companies other than marketable securities investment trusts traded in ISE; - are subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 2) The gains derived from sale of the share certificates of marketable security investment trusts traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange; - are subject to 10% withholding. (Those which are held for more than 1 year are not subject to withholding.) - Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 3) Capital gains not derived through the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions (for example unquoted share certificates), will be declared pursuant to the general provisions of the Income Tax Code. The gains derived from share certificates of resident corporations held for more than 2 years are exempt.
GAINS DERIVED FROM WARRANTS (Traded at ISE)	Gains derived from warrants underlying assets of which are shares or share indexes; - are subject to 0% withholding are subject to corporate tax.	Gains derived from warrants underlying assets of which are shares or share indexes; - are subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	Gains derived from warrants underlying assets of which are shares or share indexes; - are subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	Gains derived from warrants underlying assets of which are shares or share indexes; - are subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.

	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
DIVIDEND INCOME DERIVED FROM SHARES (EXCLUDING MARKETABLE SECURITIES INVESTMENT TRUSTS AND REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS) DIVIDEND INCOME DERIVED FROM SHARES OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES INVESTMENT TRUSTS AND REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUSTS	- Not subject to withholding Those derived from resident corporations (including venture capital investments funds and trusts) are exempt from corporate tax. (Corporate Tax Code 5/1-a).	- 15% withholding is applied by the corporation distributing the dividend.(0% for venture capital investment funds and trusts) - Half of the dividend income derived from resident corporations (before withholding) is declared with an annual tax return in case its total amount together with other capital gains from marketable securities and rent income from immovable property which are subject to tax through withholding, exceeds the declaration limit (TL 30.000 for 2017). (Excluding the income mentioned in the Temporary Article 62 of the Income Tax Code) In this case, the whole withholding amount applied by the corporation which distributed the dividends is offset from the income tax calculated on the tax return. - Withholding is applied by the corporation distributing the dividend (%0) Half of the dividend income derived from resident corporations (before withholding) is declared with an annual tax return in case its total amount together with other capital gains from marketable securities and rent income from immovable property which are subject to tax through withholding, exceeds the declaration limit	- 15% withholding is applied by the corporation distributing the dividend. (0% for venture capital investment funds and trusts) - Withholding is the final tax Not declared. - Withholding is applied by the corporation distributing the dividend (0%) Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	- 15% withholding is applied by the corporation distributing the dividend.(0% for venture capital investment funds and trusts) - Withholding is the final tax Not declared. - Withholding is applied by the corporation distributing the dividend (0%) Withholding is the final tax Not declared.
INTEREST INCOME DERIVED FROM GOVERNMENT BONDS AND TREASURY BILLS Those issued AFTER 01.01.2006.	1) Interest income derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds; - is subject to 0% withholding is subject to corporate tax. 2) Interest income derived by companies (3) other than those mentioned above; - is subject to10% withholding Companies which have to submit tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return.	(TL 30.000 for 2017) - Subject to 10% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.	1) Interest income derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance (4) to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code; - is subject to 0% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 2) Interest income derived by companies other than those mentioned above; - is subject to 10% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.	- Subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.

	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
CAPITAL GAINS DERIVED FROM GOVERNMENT BONDS AND TREASURY BILLS Those issued AFTER1.1.2006	1) Gains derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds; - are subject to 0% withholding are subject to corporate tax. 2) Gains derived by companies (3) other than those mentioned above; - are subject to 10% withholding Companies which have to submit tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return.	- Subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	1) Gains derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance (4) to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code; - are subject to 0% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 2) Gains derived by companies other than those mentioned above; - are subject to 10% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.	- Subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.
INTEREST INCOME DERIVED FROM THE EUROBONDS ISSUED BY THE UNDERSECRETARIAT OF TREASURY	- Subject to withholding (0%) Subject to corporate tax.	- Subject to withholding (0%) The exchange rate difference over the principal value arising during redemption is not considered as income Inflation discount is not applicable The entire gains are declared if the interest income derived exceeds TL 30.000 for 2017 together with capital gains from other marketable securities and rent income from immovable property that were subjected to withholding.	- Subject to withholding (0%) Not declared.	- Subject to withholding (0%) Not declared.
CAPITAL GAINS DERIVED FROM THE EUROBONDS ISSUED BY THE UNDERSECRETARIAT OF TREASURY Those issued BEFORE 1.1.2006	- Not subject to withholding Subject to corporate tax.	- Not subject to withholding The capital gains are calculated on Turkish Lira basis The acquisition cost can be increased at Producer Price Index rate of increase for each month except for the month of discharge, unconditionally Capital losses are offset from capital gains. (2) - TL 24.000 together with the other capital gains for 2017 is exempt from tax. The portion exceeding the exemption is declared.	- Not subject to withholding Not declared.	- Not subject to withholding Not declared.
CAPITAL GAINS DERIVED FROM THE EUROBONDS ISSUED BY THE UNDERSECRETARIAT OF TREASURY Those issued AFTER 1.1.2006	- Not subject to withholding Subject to corporate tax.	Not subject to withholding. The capital gains are calculated on Turkish Lira basis. The acquisition cost can be increased at Producer Price Index rate of increase, for each month except for the month of disposal provided that Domestic Producer Price Index rate is equal to or exceeds 10%. Capital losses are offset from capital gains. (2)	- Not subject to withholding Not declared.	- Not subject to withholding Not declared.

	- The capital gains are declared regardless of the amount.		

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	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
DIVIDEND INCOME DERIVED FROM PARTICIPATION CERTIFICATES OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES INVESTMENT FUNDS	1) Income derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies; - is subject to 0% withholding is subject to corporate tax. 2) Income derived by companies (3) other than those mentioned above; - Withholding is not applied over the gains derived from the participation certificates of marketable securities investment funds, at least 51% of whose portfolio continuously consists of share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange, if the certificates are held for more than one year 0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the participation certificates of share certificate intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis - Gains derived from the investment fund participation certificates other than those mentioned above are subject to 10% withholding Companies which have to submit corporate tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return.	- Withholding is not applied over the gains derived from the participation certificates of marketable securities investment funds, at least 51% of whose portfolio continuously consists of share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange, if the certificates are held for more than one year. Such gains are not declared either. - 0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the participation certificates of share certificate intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis - Gains derived from the investment fund participation certificates other than those mentioned above are subject to 10% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.	1) Income derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code (4); - is subject to 0% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 2) Incomes derived by companies other than those mentioned above; - Withholding is not applied over the gains derived from the participation certificates of marketable securities investment funds, at least 51% of whose portfolio continuously consists of share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange, if the certificates are held for more than one year. - 0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the participation certificates of share certificate intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis - Gains derived from the investment fund participation certificates other than those mentioned above are subject to 10% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.	- Withholding is not applied over the gains derived from the participation certificates of marketable securities investment funds, at least 51% of whose portfolio continuously consists of share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange, if the certificates are held for more than one year. Such gains are not declared either. - 0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the participation certificates of share certificate intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis - Gains derived from the investment fund participation certificates other than those mentioned above are subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.

CAPITAL GAINS
DERIVED
FROM PARTICIPATION
CERTIFICATES OF
STOCK
EXCHANGE
INVESTMENT
FUNDS

- 1) Income derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds:
- is subject to 0% withholding.
- is subject to corporate tax.
- 2) Income derived by companies (3) other than those mentioned above;
- -0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the share certificate-intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis
- Those derived from other stock exchange investment funds are subject to 10% withholding.
- Companies which have to submit tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return.

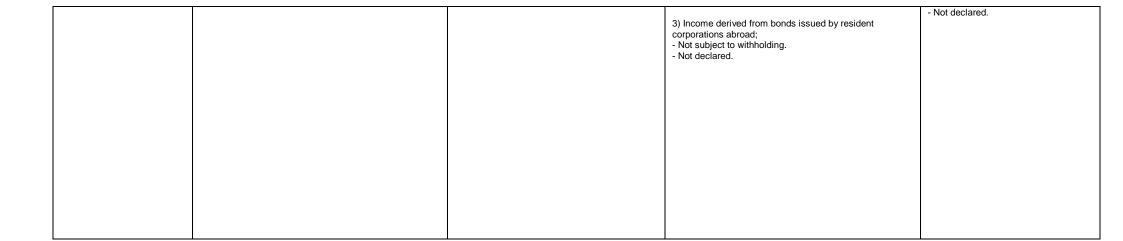
- 0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the share certificate-intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis
- Those derived from other stock exchange investment funds are subject to 10% withholding.
- Withholding is the final tax.
- Not declared.

- 1) Income derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code (4);
- is subject to 0% withholding.
- Withholding is the final tax.
- Not declared.
- 2) Incomes derived by companies other than those mentioned above:
- 0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the share certificate-intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis
- Those derived from other stock exchange investment funds are subject to 10% withholding.
- Withholding is the final tax.
- Not declared.

- 0% withholding is applied to the gains derived from the share certificate-intensive funds at least 80% of whose total fund value consists of the share certificates traded in Istanbul Stock Exchange (excluding the share certificates of marketable securities investment trusts) on continuous basis
- Those derived from other stock exchange investment funds are subject to 10% withholding.
- Withholding is the final tax.
- Not declared.

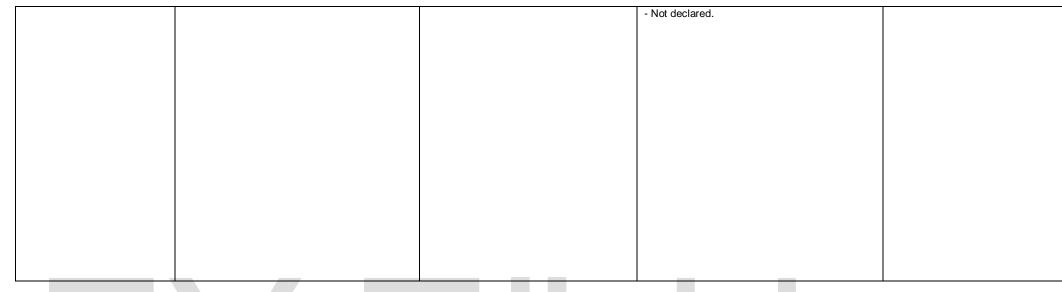


	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
	1) Among those issued in Turkey through the	1) Interest income derived from those issued in	1) Among those issued in Turkey through the	Interest income derived from those
	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions;	Turkey;	intermediation of banks or intermediary	issued in Turkey;
		- is subject to 10% withholding.	institutions;	- is subject to 10% withholding.
	a) Interest income derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and	Withholding is the final tax. Not declared.	a) Interest income derived by foreign cornerations in the	- Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.
	investment funds;	- Not declared.	a) Interest income derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by	- Not declared.
	- is subject to 0% withholding.	2) Interest income derived from the bonds issued	shares and limited companies and foreign corporations	2) Interest income derived from the
	- is subject to corporate tax.	by resident corporations abroad in foreign	which are determined by Ministry of Finance to be in	bonds issued by resident corporations
INTEREST INCOME	b) Interest income derived by companies (3) other than	currency is subject to withholding between 0%	similar nature with investment funds and	abroad is subject to withholding
DERIVED FROM	those mentioned above;	and 10% depending on the maturity date of the	investment trusts established according to the Capital	between 0% and 10% (5) depending or the maturity date of the bond.
PRIVATE SECTOR	Subject to 10% withholding. Companies which have to submit tax return can offset	bond Capital exchange rate difference emerging	Markets Code (4); - is subject to 0% withholding.	- Withholding is the final tax.
BONDS	the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on	during redemption of bonds issued in foreign	- Withholding is the final tax.	- Not declared.
(BONDS, ASSET	the tax return.	currency is not accepted as income.	- Not declared.	
BACKED		- The entire gains are declared if the interest		
SECURITIES.	Interest income derived from those issued in Turkey	income derived exceeds TL 30.000 for 2017	b) Interest income derived by companies other than those	
COMMERCIAL	without the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions (except for those derived by banks or	together with capital gains from other marketable securities and rent income from immovable	mentioned above; - is subject to 10% withholding.	
PAPERS)	intermediary institutions) is	property that were subjected to withholding.	- Withholding is the final tax.	
,	subject to 10% withholding.	- The withholding paid can be offset from the	- Not declared.	
Those issued AFTER	- Subject to corporate tax.	corporate tax calculated on the tax return.	2) Interest income derived from bonds those issued in	
1.1.2006	- The withholding paid is offset from the corporate tax		Turkey without the intermediation of banks or intermediary	
	calculated on the tax return.		institutions;	
	3) Interest income derived from the bonds issued by		- is subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax.	
	resident corporations abroad is subject to withholding		- Withholding is the infal tax Not declared.	
	between 0% and 10% (5) depending on the maturity date		3) Interest income derived from the bonds issued by	
	of the bond.		resident corporations abroad is subject to withholding	
	- Subject to corporate tax.		between 0% and 10% (5) depending on the maturity date	
	The withholding paid is offset from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return.		of the bond Withholding is the final tax.	
	calculated on the tax return.		- Not declared.	
	Among those issued in Turkey through the	Income derived from those issued in Turkey	Among those issued in Turkey through the	Income derived from those issued in
	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions;	through the intermediation of banks or	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions;	Turkey through the intermediation of
		intermediary institutions;	a) Gains derived by foreign corporations in the nature of	banks or intermediary institutions;
	a) Gains derived by joint stock companies, companies	- Subject to 10% withholding.	joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and	- Subject to 10% withholding.
	limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds;	Withholding is the final tax.Not declared.	limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance to be in similar nature	 Withholding is the final tax. Not declared.
CAPITAL GAINS	- are subject to 0% withholding.	Income derived from bonds issued without	with investment funds and investment trusts established	- Not declared.
DERIVED FROM	- are subject to corporate tax.	the intermediation of banks or intermediary	according to the Capital Markets Code (4);	2) Income derived in Turkey from those
PRIVATE SECTOR		institutions and bonds issued by resident	- are subject to 0% withholding.	issued without the intermediation of
BONDS	b) Gains derived by companies (3) other than those	corporations abroad;	- Withholding is the final tax.	banks or intermediary institutions;
(BONDS, ASSET	mentioned above;	is not subject to withholding. The capital gains are calculated on Turkish Lira	- Not declared.	is not subject to withholding. The capital gains are calculated on
BACKED	- are subject to 10% withholding.- Companies which have to submit tax return can offset	- The capital gains are calculated on Turkish Lira basis.	b) Gains derived by companies other than those	I ne capital gains are calculated on Turkish Lira basis.
SECURITIES,	the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on	- The acquisition cost can be increased at	mentioned above;	- The acquisition cost can be increased
COMMERCIAL	the tax return.	Producer Price Index rate of increase for each	- are subject to 10% withholding.	at Producer Price Index rate of increase
		month except for the month of discharge, on	- Withholding is the final tax.	for each month except for the month of
PAPERS)	Income derived from those issued without the	condition that domestic PPI increase rate is minimum 10%.	- Not declared.	discharge, on condition that domestic
·				PPI increase rate is minimum 10%.
Those issued AFTER	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions;		2) Income derived in Turkey from those issued without the	- Capital losses are offset from capital
·	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding.	- Capital losses can be offset from capital gains.	2) Income derived in Turkey from those issued without the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions;	- Capital losses are offset from capital gains. (2)
Those issued AFTER	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions;		intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding.	gains. (2) - Declared regardless of the amount of
Those issued AFTER	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding is subject to corporate tax. 3) Income derived from bonds issued by resident	- Capital losses can be offset from capital gains. (2)	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding Income resulting from exchange rate difference is not	gains. (2)
Those issued AFTER	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding is subject to corporate tax. 3) Income derived from bonds issued by resident corporations abroad;	- Capital losses can be offset from capital gains. (2)	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding Income resulting from exchange rate difference is not subject to taxation.	gains. (2) - Declared regardless of the amount of gain.
Those issued AFTER	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding is subject to corporate tax. 3) Income derived from bonds issued by resident	- Capital losses can be offset from capital gains. (2)	intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions; - is not subject to withholding Income resulting from exchange rate difference is not	gains. (2) - Declared regardless of the amount of



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	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
DIVIDEND INCOMES DERIVED FROM LEASE CERTIFICATES (Issued by resident asset leasing companies)	1) Income derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds; - is subject to 0% withholding. - is subject to corporate tax. 2) Income derived by companies (3) other than those mentioned above; - is subject to 10% withholding. - Companies which have to submit tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return. 3) Income derived from the lease certificates issued abroad; - Is subject to withholding between 0% and 10% (5) depending on its maturity date. - Income derived from lease certificates issued by Asset Leasing Company of Undersecretariat of Treasury (Hazine Müsteşarlığı Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.) is subject to 0% withholding. - Subject to corporate tax. - The withholding paid can be offset from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return.	1) Income derived from those issued in Turkey; - Is subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 2) Income derived from the lease certificates issued abroad; - Is subject to withholding between 0% and 10% (5) depending on its maturity date Income derived from lease certificates issued by Asset Leasing Company of Undersecretariat of Treasury (Hazine Müsteşarlığı Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.) is subject to 0% withholding The exchange rate difference over the principal value arising during redemption of lease certificates issued in foreign currency is not considered as income The entire income is declared if the interest income derived exceeds TL 30.000 for 2017 together with capital gains from other marketable securities and rent income from immovable property that were subjected to withholding The withholding paid can be offset from the income tax calculated on the tax return.	1) Gains derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code (4); - are subject to 0% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 2) Gains derived by companies other than those mentioned above; - are subject to 10% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 3) Income derived from the lease certificates issued abroad; - Is subject to withholding between 0% and 10% (5) depending on its maturity date. - Income derived from lease certificates issued by Asset Leasing Company of Undersecretariat of Treasury (Hazine Müsteşarlığı Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.) is subject to 0% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.	1) Income derived from those issued in Turkey; - Is subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 2) Income derived from the lease certificates issued abroad; - Is subject to withholding between 0% and 10% (5) depending on its maturity date Income derived from lease certificates issued by Asset Leasing Company of Undersecretariat of Treasury (Hazine Müsteşarlığı Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.) is subject to 0% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.
CAPITAL GAINS DERIVED FROM LEASE CERTIFICATES (Issued by resident asset leasing companies)	1) Gains derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds; - are subject to 0% withholding. - are subject to corporate tax. 2) Gains derived by companies (3) other than those mentioned above; - are subject to 10% withholding. - Companies which have to submit tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return. 3) Incomes from those issued abroad (including those issued by the Undersecretariat of Treasury); - Not subject to withholding. - Subject to corporate tax.	1) Gain derived from those issued in Turkey; - Is subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 3) Gains from those issued abroad (including those issued by the Undersecretariat of Treasury); - Not subject to withholding The capital gains are calculated on Turkish Lira basis The acquisition cost can be increased at Producer Price Index rate of increase for each month except for the month of discharge, on condition that domestic PPI increase rate is minimum 10% Capital losses can be offset from capital gains. (2) - Declared regardless of the amount of gain.	1) Gains derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code (4); - are subject to 0% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 2) Gains derived by companies other than those mentioned above; - are subject to 10% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 3) Gains derived from the lease certificates issued abroad (including those issued by the Undersecretariat of Treasury); - are not subject to withholding.	1) Gain derived from those issued in Turkey; - Is subject to 10% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared. 2) Gains from those issued abroad (including those issued by the Undersecretariat of Treasury); - Not subject to withholding Not declared.



EY Türkiye

	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
REPO GAINS	- Subject to 15% withholding Subject to corporate tax The withholding paid is offset from the corporate tax calculated on the return.	- Subject to 15% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	- Subject to 15% withholding Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	Subject to 15% withholding.Withholding is the final tax.Not declared.
DEPOSIT INTEREST INCOME (TL and Foreign Currency)	1) Regarding the accounts which are opened or whose maturity term is renewed as of 02.01.2013; a. Interests applied to foreign currency deposit accounts shall be subject to; - 18% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), - 15% withholding for maturity term up to 1 year (including 1 year), - 13% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, b. Turkish Lira deposit interests shall be subject to; - 15% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), - 12% withholding for maturity term up to 1 year (including 1 year), - 10% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, 2) Starting from 02.01.2013; interests applied to foreign currency demand deposit accounts are subject to 18% withholding, while Turkish Lira demand deposit interests are subject to 15% withholding, 3) Interests applied to the deposit accounts opened before 02.01.2013 shall be subject to 15% withholding (regardless of the maturity term or type of foreign currency). - The above withholding rates shall also apply to the dividends paid by participation banks in return for participation accounts. - Interests applied to the interbank deposits and the interests applied to the intermediary institutions' own moneys evaluated on the money market are not subject to withholding. - Subject to corporate tax The withholding paid can be offset from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return.	1) Regarding the accounts which are opened or whose maturity term is renewed as of 02.01.2013; a. Interests applied to foreign currency deposit accounts shall be subject to; - 18% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), - 15% withholding for maturity term up to 1 year (including 1 year), - 13% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, b. Turkish Lira deposit interests shall be subject to; - 15% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), - 12% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 1 year), - 10% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, 2) Starting from 02.01.2013; interests applied to foreign currency demand deposit accounts are subject to 18% withholding, while Turkish Lira demand deposit interests are subject to 15% withholding, 3) Interests applied to the deposit accounts opened before 02.01.2013 are subject to 15% withholding (regardless of the maturity term or type of foreign currency). - The above withholding rates also apply to the dividends paid by participation banks in return for participation accounts. - Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	1) Regarding the accounts which are opened or whose maturity term is renewed as of 02.01.2013; a. Interests applied to foreign currency deposit accounts are subject to; - 18% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), - 15% withholding for maturity term up to 1 year (including 1 year), - 13% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, b. Turkish Lira deposit interests are subject to; - 15% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), - 12% withholding for maturity term up to 1 year (including 1 year), - 10% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, 2) Starting from 02.01.2013; interests applied to foreign currency demand deposit accounts are subject to 18% withholding, while Turkish Lira demand deposit interests are subject to 15% withholding, 3) Interests applied to the deposit accounts opened before 02.01.2013 are subject to 15% withholding (regardless of the maturity term or type of foreign currency). - The above withholding rates also apply to the dividends paid by participation banks in return for participation accounts. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared.	1) Regarding the accounts which are opened or whose maturity term is renewed as of 02.01.2013; a. Interests applied to foreign currency deposit accounts are subject to; -18% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), -15% withholding for maturity term up to 1 year (including 1 year), -13% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, b. Turkish Lira deposit interests are subject to; -15% withholding for maturity term up to 6 months (including 6 months), -12% withholding for maturity term up to 1 year (including 1 year), -10% withholding for maturity term longer than 1 year, 2) Starting from 02.01.2013; interests applied to foreign currency demand deposit accounts are subject to 18% withholding, while Turkish Lira demand deposit interests are subject to 15% withholding, 3) Interests applied to the deposit accounts opened before 02.01.2013 are subject to 15% withholding (regardless of the maturity term or type of foreign currency). - The above withholding rates also apply to the dividends paid by participation banks in return for participation accounts. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared

- Not declared.

	RESIDENT CORPORATIONS	RESIDENT REAL PERSONS	NON-RESIDENT CORPORATIONS (1)	NON-RESIDENT REAL PERSONS
OFF-SHORE DEPOSIT INTEREST INCOME	Not subject to withholding since the deposit is made abroad. Subject to corporate tax.	Not subject to withholding since the deposit is made abroad. The entire gain shall be declared with income tax return, if it exceeds the declaration limit of TL 1.600 for 2017.	- Not subject to withholding Not declared.	- Not subject to withholding Not declared.
GAINS DERIVED FROM FORWARD AND OPTION TRANSACTIONS	1) From the transactions performed at Turkish Derivatives Exchange (VIOP-Turkdex); a) Gains derived by joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds; - are subject to 0% withholding. - are subject to corporate tax. b) From the companies (3) other than those mentioned above; - Gains derived from the contracts based on share or share indices are subject to 0% withholding tax. - Gains derived from other contracts are subject to 10% withholding tax. - Companies which have to submit corporate tax return can offset the withholding paid from the corporate tax calculated on the tax return. 2) Transactions performed outside Turkish Derivatives Exchange (VIOP-Turkdex); - are not subject to withholding. - Subject to corporate tax.	Through the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions at or outside of Turkish Derivatives Exchange (VIOP-Turkdex); a) Gains derived from the contracts based on share or share indices; - are subject to 0% withholding tax Withholding is the final tax Not declared. b) Gains derived from other contracts; - are subject to 10% withholding tax Withholding is the final tax Not declared.	1) Through the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions at or outside of Turkish Derivatives Exchange (VIOP-Turkdex); a) Gains derived by foreign corporations in the nature of joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and foreign corporations which are determined by Ministry of Finance to be in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code (4); - are subject to 0% withholding. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. b) The companies other than those mentioned above; - Gains derived from the contracts based on share or share indices are subject to 0% withholding tax. - Gains derived from other contracts are subject to 10% withholding is the final tax. - Withholding is the final tax. - Not declared. 2) Gains of banks and similar financing institutions derived from transactions performed via banks and intermediary institutions outside the Turkish Derivatives Exchange (VIOP-Turkdex) are not subject to withholding. General provisions are applied.	Through the intermediation of banks or intermediary institutions at or outside of Turkish Derivatives Exchange (VIOP-Turkdex); a) Gains derived from the contracts based on share or share indices; - are subject to 0% withholding tax Withholding is the final tax Not declared. b) Gains derived from other contracts; - are subject to 10% withholding tax Withholding is the final tax Not declared.

- (1) Our explanations concerning non-resident corporations are valid for the non-resident corporations who do not own a permanent establishment and a permanent representative in Turkey.
- (2) Although no provision exists in the Code concerning the offsetting of capital losses from capital gains, the Ministry of Finance has announced through a press release that such an offsetting is possible.
- (3) The companies other than those mentioned under article 2/1 of the Corporate Tax Code (capital stock companies; joint stock companies, companies limited by shares and limited companies and investment funds) can be exemplified as cooperatives, economic public institutions, foundations and associations and their economic enterprises and business partnerships.
- (4) Limited liability partnerships, country funds, funds owned by administrations and establishments, investment companies and all the other foreign corporate investors, which are operating in Turkey exclusively for deriving capital gains through marketable securities and other capital market instruments and for using the rights related to these, are considered as taxpayers in similar nature with investment funds and investment trusts established according to the Capital Markets Code (Income Tax General Communiqué series no 277).
- (5) Interest amounts derived from bonds issued abroad by resident corporations and income derived from lease certificates issued abroad by resident asset leasing companies are subject to withholding at following rates
- Interest and income derived from those with maturity term up to 1 year, 10%,
- Interest and income derived from those with maturity term between 1-3 years, 7%,
- Interest and income derived from those with maturity term between 3 5 years, 3%.
- Interest and income derived from those with maturity term of 5 years or more, 0%.

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